

Simplified Prospectus

January 6, 2015



Offering Series A and Series F shares of

QWEST ENERGY CANADIAN RESOURCE CLASS

Offering Series A, Series F and Series I shares of

ALPHADELTA GLOBAL VALUE CLASS

ALPHADELTA CANADIAN PROSPERITY CLASS

and

**ALPHADELTA GROWTH OF DIVIDEND INCOME
CLASS**

No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about the shares of the Funds and it is an offence to claim otherwise. The Funds and the shares of the Funds offered under this Simplified Prospectus are not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and are sold in the United States only in reliance on exemptions from registration.

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Introduction

In this Simplified Prospectus,

- “**we**”, “**us**”, “**our**” and the “**Corporation**” refers to Qwest Funds Corp.,
- “**Funds**” refer to Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class, AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class, and “**Fund**” refers to any one of them,
- “**Qwest**” or the “**Manager**” refers to Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd., the manager of the Funds,
- “**you**” refers to an investor, and
- unless otherwise specified, the term “**shares**” means the special shares of the Funds and the term “**shareholders**” means the holders of the special shares.

This Simplified Prospectus contains selected important information to help you make an informed investment decision and to help you understand your rights as an investor. This Simplified Prospectus is divided into two parts. The first part, from pages 1 to 19, contains general information applicable to the Funds. The second part, from pages 20 to 35, contains specific information about each of the Funds described in this Simplified Prospectus.

Additional information about each Fund is available in the Annual Information Form, the Funds’ most recently filed Fund Facts, the Funds’ most recently filed annual financial statements, any interim financial reports of the Funds filed after those annual financial statements, the most recently filed annual management report of fund performance, and any interim management report of fund performance filed after that annual management report of fund performance. These documents are incorporated by reference into this Simplified Prospectus, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as part of it. You can get a free copy of these documents, when available, by contacting Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. by telephone, toll-free, at 1-866-602-1142, by e-mail at info@qwestfunds.com, or by contacting your dealer. These documents and other information about the Funds are also available on the Manager’s website at www.qwestfunds.com or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

General Information About Mutual Funds and Qwest Funds Corp.

What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?

What is a Mutual Fund?

A mutual fund is a pool of money contributed by investors with similar investment objectives. The mutual fund's income, expenses, and the gains and losses the fund makes on its investments are shared by investors in proportion to the number of fund shares they own.

There are several benefits to investing in a mutual fund as opposed to investing by yourself. An investment in a mutual fund gives you the opportunity to participate with other investors with similar investment objectives in professionally managed investment portfolios. Professional portfolio advisers make the investment decisions for the mutual fund in accordance with its investment objectives. Mutual funds also enable you to diversify your investment portfolio, which may be difficult for most individual investors to achieve.

How is a Mutual Fund Structured?

A mutual fund may be set up as a trust or a corporation. Qwest Funds Corp. is a mutual fund corporation. The Funds are classes of special shares of the Corporation. These special shares comprise the Funds. The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class A shares, an unlimited number of Class B shares, and an unlimited number of special shares, which are divided into classes. The Corporation may issue additional classes of special shares in the future.

The Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class currently offers Series A and Series F shares, and each of the AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class currently offer Series A, Series F and Series I shares. Additional series of shares may be offered in the future. There is no limit to the number of shares of the Funds you can buy. For further information, see "Purchases, Switches and Redemptions – Series of Shares" below.

What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?

A mutual fund may own different types of investments - stocks, bonds, short-term securities - depending upon the fund's investment objectives. The value of these investments will change from day to day, reflecting changes in interest rates, economic conditions, and market and company news. As a result, the value of a mutual fund's shares may go up and down, and the value of your investment in a mutual fund may be more or less when you redeem it than when you purchased it. The principal risks associated with a mutual fund are the same risks that affect the value of investments held by that fund. The principal risks associated with an investment in the Funds are described below under "What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds?".

The full amount of your investment in the Funds is not guaranteed. Unlike bank accounts or GICs, mutual fund shares are not covered by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government deposit insurer.

Assets of a mutual fund that consist of securities that are traded on a public exchange are generally valued at their most recent sale price when determining the Funds' net asset value. If the price is not available or if we conclude that the price is not a true reflection of the value of the security, we will use another method to determine the value. This practice is called "fair valuation". It may happen for many reasons,

including where the value is affected by events that occur after a market where the security is principally traded has closed or where there has been minimal or infrequent trading in a security.

Under exceptional circumstances, a mutual fund may suspend redemptions. For information regarding the circumstances in which Qwest may suspend redemptions of the Funds, see “Purchases, Switches and Redemptions - Redemptions” below.

The principal risks that may be associated with investing in the Funds are described below in alphabetical order:

Capital gains risk

From time to time in connection with Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class, the Corporation may acquire the assets of certain limited partnerships or certain former limited partners of certain limited partnerships on a tax-deferred basis that have an adjusted cost base to the Corporation that is less than the amount paid by the Corporation for their acquisition (in some cases, the adjusted cost base of assets to the Corporation may be nil). Therefore, these assets may have significant accrued gains at the time they are acquired by the Corporation and shareholders may receive capital gains dividends as a result of these gains being realized by the Corporation, including when shareholders of Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class convert their shares to shares of another class of the Corporation. Investors who are considering purchasing shares other than through a registered plan should consult their tax advisor about this risk before purchasing shares.

The particular classes that the Corporation will pay capital gains dividends on will be determined by the directors of the Corporation from time to time based on the particular circumstances. In certain circumstances, capital gains realized on assets in one Class may result in capital gains dividends being paid to shareholders in another Class. For example, if a shareholder switches from the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class to any of the other Funds and forces the Corporation to dispose of assets in the portfolio of the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class and realize a capital gain (which capital gains could be unexpectedly large as a result of the assets having low adjusted cost base due to a previous rollover transaction), the directors may determine that it is most equitable to spread any resulting capital gains dividends among those two classes in some manner; perhaps based on net asset value. Paying the capital gains dividend only on the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class may not be the most equitable course of action because the shareholder that triggered the gain by converting is no longer in that class.

Class risk

There are currently four classes of special shares of the Corporation – Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class, AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class (a fifth class of special shares, the Qwest Energy Growth & Income Class, was previously offered but has since ceased). The Corporation may add additional classes of special shares in the future. If the Corporation cannot pay the expenses attributable to one class of special shares using the proportionate share of the Corporation’s assets attributable to that class for any reason, the Corporation will be required to pay those expenses out of one or more of the other classes’ proportionate share of the Corporation’s assets. This may reduce the value of your investment in a Fund.

Concentration risk

This is the risk that the Funds may have a concentrated number of investments. As a result, the securities in which the Funds may invest may not be diversified across all sectors or may be concentrated in specific regions or countries. By investing in a relatively small number of securities, the portfolio adviser may

have a significant portion of the Funds invested in a single security. This may result in higher volatility, as the value of the portfolio will vary more in response to changes in the market value of an individual security.

Currency risk

This is the risk that changes in the value of the Canadian dollar, compared to foreign currencies, will affect the value of shares in the Funds when investments are made outside of Canada.

Depository receipts risk

In certain circumstances, rather than directly holding securities of non-North American issuers, a Fund may hold these securities through an American Depository Receipt (or “**ADR**”), a Global Depository Receipt (or “**GDR**”), or a European Depository Receipt (or “**EDR**”). A depository receipt is issued by a bank or trust company to evidence its ownership of securities of a non-local issuer. The currency of a depository receipt may be different than the currency of the non-local issuer to which it relates. The value of a depository receipt will not be equal to the value of the underlying non-local securities to which the depository receipt relates as a result of a number of factors. These factors include the fees and expenses associated with holding a depository receipt, the currency exchange relating to the conversion of foreign dividends and other foreign cash distributions into local currencies, and tax considerations such as withholding tax and different tax rates between the jurisdictions. In addition, the rights of the Fund, as a holder of a depository receipt, may be different than the rights of holders of the underlying securities to which the depository receipt relates, and the market for a depository receipt may be less liquid than that of the underlying securities. The foreign exchange risk will also affect the value of the depository receipt. As the terms and timing with respect to the depository for a depository receipt are not within the control of a Fund or its portfolio manager and if the portfolio manager chooses only to hold depository receipts rather than the underlying security, the Fund may be forced to dispose of the depository receipt, thereby eliminating its exposure to the non-local corporation, at a time not selected by the portfolio manager of the Fund, which may result in losses to the Fund or the recognition of gain at a time which is not opportune for the Fund.

Derivatives risk

A derivative is a contract between two parties, the value of which is based on the performance of other investments, such as equities, bonds, currencies or a market index. Derivatives may be traded in the over-the-counter market or on a stock exchange. A derivative is commonly a future or a forward contract or an option but there are other types of derivative instruments as well. Futures or forward contracts are agreements to buy or sell a security, commodity or currency for a certain price on a certain future date. Options give the buyer the right to buy or sell a security, commodity or currency for a certain price on a certain future date. Derivatives may be used to limit, or hedge against, losses that may occur because of the Fund’s investment in a security or exposure to a currency or market. This is called “hedging”. Derivatives may also be used to obtain exposure to financial markets, reduce transaction costs, create liquidity or increase the speed of portfolio transactions. These investments are made for non-hedging purposes. The Funds, other than the AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class, will only use derivatives for hedging purposes. The AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class may use derivatives for both hedging and income generation purposes. The following risks are also associated with using derivatives:

- the use of derivatives for hedging may not be effective;

- a derivative contract may not be obtained when desired by a Fund because (i) there may be a lack of parties wanting to buy or sell a derivative contract, or (ii) the exchanges on which some derivatives are traded may set daily trading limits on futures contracts, preventing the Fund from closing a contract;
- the other party to the derivative contract may not be able to meet its obligations and may default;
- if an exchange halts trading in a certain option, the Fund may not be able to close its position in an option;
- the cost of the derivative contract may increase;
- the price of a derivative may not accurately reflect the value of the underlying investment; and
- the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “**Tax Act**”), or its interpretation, may change in respect of the tax treatment of derivatives.

Emerging markets risk

In emerging market countries, security markets may be smaller than in the more developed countries, making it more difficult to sell securities in order to take profits or avoid losses. Companies in those markets may have limited product lines, markets or resources, making it difficult to measure the value of the company. Political instability and possible corruption, as well as lower standards of regulation increase the possibility of fraud and other legal problems. The value of funds, or portfolios that buy these investments, may rise or fall substantially.

Energy and resource sector risk

Investing in one specific sector of the stock market, such as the energy and resource sector, entails greater risk (and potential reward) than investing in all sectors of the stock market. If a sector declines or falls out of favour, the share values of most or all of the companies in that sector will generally fall faster than the market as a whole. The opposite is also true. In addition, investments in specific sectors are generally more volatile than the overall market.

The assets, earnings and share values of companies involved in the energy and resource industries are subject to risks associated with the world prices of various natural resources, forces of nature, economic cycles, commodity prices, exchange rates and political events, and as a result the value of shares in this sector may be subject to significant fluctuations.

Exchange traded fund risk

The Funds may, from time to time, invest in securities of exchange traded funds (“**ETFs**”) that are purchased and sold on a stock exchange. The return on investments in an ETF will be reduced by the operating expenses, including investment advisory fees, of the ETF. By investing in the ETF, the Funds will bear their *pro rata* portion of the ETF’s expenses. These expenses are in addition to the direct expenses of the Fund’s own operations. In addition, by investing in ETFs, the Funds will also be exposed to the risks associated with an investment in an ETF, including the following: (i) the market price of ETF securities may trade at a premium or a discount to their net asset value; (ii) an active trading market for an ETF’s securities may not develop or be maintained; and (iii) there is no assurance that the requirements of the exchange necessary to maintain the listing of an ETF will continue to be met or remain unchanged.

Exchange transaction conflict of interest risk

It is expected that the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class will acquire a substantial portion of its assets from certain limited partnerships organized by companies that are related to the Manager or from former limited partners of such limited partnerships. These assets will be transferred to the Fund on a tax-deferred basis in exchange for shares of the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class. These limited partnerships are organized and managed by companies that are related to the Manager, and therefore these exchange transactions will give rise to a potential conflict of interest and will be referred to and considered by the independent review committee of the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class and the applicable limited partnership, as required by National Instrument 81-107 *Independent review committee for investment* (“**NI 81-107**”). For further information on the independent review committee of the Funds, see “Organization and Management of the Fund - Independent Review Committee” below.

Foreign investment risk

There is a risk that investments in foreign companies outside Canada and the United States will be affected by world economic factors in addition to changes in the value of the Canadian dollar. In addition, information about foreign companies may not be as complete and may not be subject to the same extensive accounting, auditing, financial reporting standards and practices, and other disclosure requirements that apply in Canada and the United States.

Different financial, political, social and environmental factors can significantly affect the value of the Funds’ investments. Foreign markets may be volatile or lack liquidity, which may cause a Fund’s prices to fluctuate more than if the Fund limited its investments to Canadian and United States securities. The costs of buying, selling and holding securities in foreign markets may be higher than those involved in domestic transactions.

Pursuant to new U.S. tax rules, shareholders of the Funds may be required to provide identity and residency information to the Funds, which may be provided by the Funds to U.S. tax authorities in order to avoid a U.S. withholding tax being imposed on U.S. and certain non-U.S. source income and proceeds of disposition received by the Funds or on certain amounts (including distributions) paid by the Funds to certain shareholders.

Illiquid asset risk

The Funds may, from time to time, invest in illiquid assets. An illiquid asset is an asset which is difficult to sell, either because the asset cannot be sold through public markets or the resale of the asset is prohibited as a result of representations, undertakings or certain agreements made by the Fund or the asset’s previous owner. If a Fund is unable to sell an asset, the Fund may not be able to realize profits and/or minimize losses with respect to the asset and this in turn may adversely affect the net asset value of the Fund and the return on investment in shares of the Fund. In addition, in order to fund redemptions of shares, the Fund may have to liquidate its holdings in more liquid, large and medium sized companies as a result of the illiquidity of some or all of that portion of the Fund’s portfolio comprised of illiquid assets. Although the Funds intend to maintain sufficient liquid assets to cover any redemption requests, there is a risk that a Fund’s investment in illiquid assets could make it difficult for the Fund to fund redemption requests.

Interest rate risk

A mutual fund that invests partially or completely in bonds or other fixed income securities is affected most by changes in interest rates. If interest rates increase, the value of the bond or other fixed income security purchased tends to fall.

Large transaction risk

Shares of the Funds may be purchased by a third-party mutual fund (as part of that mutual fund's "fund-of-funds" portfolio) or other investment product. Any significant transaction made by such an investor could significantly impact the Funds' cash flow. If the third party buys large amounts of shares of the Funds, the Funds could temporarily have a high cash balance. Conversely, if the third party redeems large amounts of shares of the Funds, the Funds may be required to fund the redemption by selling securities at an inopportune time. This unexpected sale may have a negative impact on the performance of your investment.

Market risk

Companies issue equities, or stocks, to help finance their operations and future growth. Mutual funds that purchase equities become part owners in these companies. The price of a stock is influenced by the company's outlook, market activity and the larger economic picture. When the economy is expanding, the outlook for many companies will also be good, and the value of their stocks should rise. The opposite is also true. Usually, the greater the potential reward, the greater the potential risk. For small companies and companies in emerging sectors the "risk/reward" ratio is usually greater. Except in limited circumstances the Funds will not sell securities that make up its portfolios in the event of a specific or general market decline.

Small capitalization risk

Investing in securities of smaller companies may be riskier than investing in larger, more established companies. Smaller companies may have limited financial resources, a less established market for their shares and fewer shares issued. This can cause the share prices of smaller companies to fluctuate more than those of larger companies. The market for the shares of small companies may be less liquid.

Organization and Management of the Funds

<p>Manager Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. P.O. Box 11549 Suite 310, 650 West Georgia Street Vancouver, British Columbia 1-866-602-1142 www.qwestfunds.com</p>	<p>Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. is responsible for managing the overall business and operations of the Funds.</p>
<p>Portfolio Adviser Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. Vancouver, British Columbia</p>	<p>Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. is responsible for managing the investment portfolio of the Funds. The Manager may hire sub-advisors to provide portfolio management services to the Funds. These sub-advisors will be paid by the Manager, and not the Funds. Information about the sub-advisors for the applicable Funds as at the date of this simplified prospectus are set out below under “Fund details” in the section for the Funds below.</p> <p>Although the Manager will be responsible for the investment advice or portfolio management services provided by the appointed sub-advisors, it may be difficult to enforce any legal rights against sub-advisors that are resident outside of Canada or that have all or a substantial portion of the assets located outside of Canada.</p>
<p>Custodian RBC Investor Services Trust Vancouver, British Columbia</p>	<p>The custodian is responsible for the safekeeping of the assets of the Funds. It may retain the services of sub-custodians to hold investments of the Funds.</p>
<p>Registrar and Transfer Agent SGGG Fund Services Inc. Toronto, Ontario</p>	<p>The registrar and transfer agent keeps track of the owners of the Funds’ shares, processes purchase and redemption orders, issues investor account statements, trade confirmations and annual tax reporting information, and calculates the net asset value of the Funds.</p>
<p>Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Vancouver, British Columbia</p>	<p>The auditors audit the annual financial statements of the Funds.</p>
<p>Independent Review Committee</p>	<p>In accordance with NI 81-107, an independent review committee (the “IRC”) for the Funds has been established. The IRC will review all conflict of interest matters related to the Funds and any other matters that are required to be reviewed or approved by the IRC under NI 81-107 or NI 81-</p>

	<p>102. The IRC is composed of three members who were appointed effective May 1, 2007 and are independent within the meaning of NI 81-107. The IRC will prepare, at least annually, a report of its activities for you, which will be available on our website at www.qwestfunds.com or at your request and at no cost, by calling toll-free to 1-866-602-1142 or by e-mail at info@qwestfunds.com. The IRC has adopted a written charter and was operational and in compliance with NI 81-107 as of September 25, 2007. Additional information about the IRC, including the names of its members, is available in the Funds' Annual Information Form.</p> <p>Under applicable securities laws, certain merger transactions involving the Funds may be completed without the approval of shareholders provided that, among other things, the transaction is approved by the IRC and we provide you with at least 60 days' notice of the proposed transaction.</p>
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Purchases, Switches and Redemptions

Shares of the Funds may be purchased or redeemed in any province or territory through a registered dealer.

Shares are purchased, switched or redeemed at their net asset value per share. See "Net Asset Value" below for details on how the net asset value for each series of shares is calculated. If a completed purchase, switch or redemption order is received on or before 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time) on a valuation day, it will be processed at the net asset value per share on that day. If an order is received after that time, it will be processed at the net asset value per share calculated on the next valuation day. For the Funds, a "**valuation day**" is any day on which the Toronto Stock Exchange is open for trading.

Each of the AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class are being offered on a best efforts basis. During their initial offering distribution period, the issue price per share will be fixed at \$10. Each of the AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class will begin to issue and redeem shares at its net asset value per share only after it has received subscriptions from arm's length investors aggregating \$500,000.

Net asset value

The net asset value per share is the basis for calculating the purchase price or redemption price for purchasing or redeeming shares. The net asset value of the Funds is the market value of all the assets of a Fund less its liabilities. The net asset value per share is determined by dividing the net asset value by the total number of shares outstanding.

The Funds maintain a separate net asset value for each series of shares, as if the series were a separate fund. However, the assets of each Fund constitute a single pool for investment purposes. The net asset value for a series is based on series specific amounts, such as amounts paid on the purchase and

redemption of shares of the series and expenses attributable solely to the series, and on the series' share of the Funds' investment earnings, market appreciation or depreciation of assets, common expenses and other amounts not attributable to a specific series. The net asset value per share is determined by dividing the net asset value for the series by the total number of outstanding shares of the series. The net asset value per share determined on a valuation day will remain in effect until the net asset value per share is next determined. Further details concerning the valuation of the Series A, Series F and Series I shares are included in the Annual Information Form.

Qwest may suspend the calculation of the net asset value per share in certain circumstances. For further information, see "Redemptions" below.

Minimum investment

The minimum initial investment in each of the Funds is \$1,000. Each subsequent investment must be at least \$100. After you have made your purchase, you will receive written confirmation of the purchase price, the amount of any sales charge paid, and the total number of shares you own.

Series of shares

The Funds are permitted to have an unlimited number of series of shares and may issue an unlimited number of shares of each series. Currently, the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class offers Series A and Series F shares, and AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class offer Series A, Series F and Series I shares. Additional series of shares may be offered in the future.

The consideration that you and other investors pay to purchase shares is tracked in the Funds' administrative records. The assets of the Funds are combined in a single pool to create one portfolio for investment purposes.

Series A shares - Series A shares are available to all investors and may be purchased, switched or redeemed through authorized dealers. The Funds pay management fees to the Manager with respect to Series A shares.

Series F shares - Series F shares are available to investors who have fee-based accounts with their dealer. Instead of paying sales charges, investors who purchase Series F shares pay ongoing fees to their dealer for investment advice and other services. Series F shares may only be purchased, switched or redeemed through authorized dealers, and not directly through the Manager. The Funds pay management fees to the Manager with respect to Series F shares.

Series I shares – Series I shares are available to institutional or other high-net worth investors who negotiate and pay management fees directly to the Manager. Series I shares may only be purchased, switched or redeemed through authorized dealers, and not directly through the Manager. The Funds do not pay management fees to the Manager with respect to the Series I shares.

Short-term trading

You may, at the discretion of the Manager, be required to pay a Fund a fee of 2% of your investment amount if you redeem securities of a Fund within 90 days of purchase. The fee is designed to protect shareholders from the costs associated with investors frequently purchasing and redeeming shares of the Funds. Frequent trading can hurt a Fund's performance by forcing the portfolio manager to keep more cash in the Funds than would otherwise be needed, or to sell investments to meet redemptions. It may also

increase the Funds' transaction costs. Short-term trading fees are paid to the Funds, not to the Manager. For further information, see "Fees and Expenses" below.

Purchases

You may buy shares on any valuation day. To do so, you must complete a purchase order and your dealer must send the order, along with payment, to the Funds' registrar and transfer agent on the same day the dealer receives the order. If the dealer receives the order after the close of business or on a day which is not a valuation day, the dealer must send the order to the Funds' registrar and transfer agent on the next valuation day.

Whenever practicable, the dealer must send purchase orders by courier, fax, or electronic entry to ensure that the Funds' registrar and transfer agent receives it as quickly as possible. The cost of sending the order is the responsibility of the dealer.

If a purchase order is received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent before 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time) on a valuation day, the purchase order will be processed at the net asset value per share calculated on the same valuation day. If the purchase order is received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent after the close of business on a valuation day or on a day which is not a valuation day, it will be processed on the next valuation day.

If payment of the total amount of the purchase order and all necessary documents are not received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent within three business days after the date on which the price of the shares is determined for the purchase order, the Manager will reverse the purchase order by processing a redemption request on the next business day for the number of shares that were purchased. The redemption proceeds will be used to pay for the amount owing on the purchase. Any excess proceeds belong to the Funds. Any shortfall will initially be paid to the Funds by the Manager, but the Manager will be entitled to collect the shortfall, plus any costs involved, from the dealer who placed the order for the shares. The dealer may, in turn, collect the shortfall plus any costs involved from the investor who placed the order. Where no dealer was involved, the Manager will be entitled to collect the shortfall and costs from the investor who placed the order.

At the time of a purchase, you negotiate a sales charge with your dealer. This is referred to later in this Simplified Prospectus as the "Sales Charge Option." For further information, see "Fees and Expenses" and "Dealer Compensation".

The Manager has the right to accept or reject any purchase order, but must make a decision to reject an order within one business day after receiving the order with complete documentation. The payment received with that order must be refunded immediately. If your cheque for the purchase of shares is not honoured, we may reverse the purchase order and hold you responsible for any costs incurred.

Switches

You may switch shares of one series of a Fund for shares of another series of that Fund. You may also switch shares of a Fund for shares of another Fund, which are shares within the same corporation.

We do not charge any fees to switch between series of the Funds. Switching shares of one series to shares of another series of a Fund, or switching shares of one Fund for the other Fund, is not considered a disposition for tax purposes.

Redemptions

You may redeem shares of the Funds on any valuation day. To do so, you must complete a written redemption request. If the redemption request is deposited with a dealer, the dealer must send the redemption request to the Funds' registrar and transfer agent on the same day. If the dealer receives the redemption request after 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time) or on a day that is not a valuation day, the dealer must send it to the Funds' registrar and transfer agent on the next valuation day.

A redemption request received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent before 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time) on a valuation day will be processed at the net asset value per share calculated at the close of business on that valuation day. A redemption request received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent after the close of business on a valuation day or on a day which is not a valuation day will be processed in the same way on the next valuation day.

Whenever practicable, a dealer must send your redemption request by courier, fax, or electronic entry to ensure that the Funds' registrar and transfer agent receives it as quickly as possible. The cost of sending the redemption request must be paid by the dealer. As a security measure, a redemption request sent by fax directly by an investor will not be accepted.

For the protection of other shareholders, your signature on any redemption request must be guaranteed by a Canadian chartered bank, trust company or a dealer. This procedure must be followed carefully. Other documentation may be required for redemption by corporations or other investors that are not individuals.

If all necessary redemption documents have been properly completed and sent to the Funds' registrar and transfer agent with the redemption request, the Manager will pay the redemption amount within three business days of the business day on which the redemption is processed. Otherwise, the redemption amount will be paid within three business days after the Funds' registrar and transfer agent receives the missing documentation. If all necessary documents are not received by the Funds' registrar and transfer agent within ten business days following the date on which the redemption was requested, the Manager will reverse the redemption order by processing a purchase order on the tenth business day after the redemption order, for the number of shares that were redeemed. The redemption proceeds will be used to pay for the shares purchased. Any excess proceeds belong to the applicable Fund. Any shortfall will initially be paid to the Funds by the Manager, but the Manager will be entitled to collect the shortfall, plus any costs involved, from the dealer who placed the redemption request. The dealer may, in turn, collect the shortfall plus any costs involved from the investor who placed the redemption request. Where no dealer has been involved, the Manager will be entitled to collect the shortfall and costs from the investor who placed the redemption request.

There is no charge for redemptions, unless you are redeeming shares within 90 days of a purchase (see "Fees and Expenses").

If you hold shares of a Fund in a registered plan, the redemption amount will be paid to the trustee of the plan because the necessary tax forms must be prepared and, in some cases, income tax deducted before payment can be released to you.

The Manager has the right to redeem your shares of a Fund if your investment has a value less than \$1,000. The Manager will give you 30 days' notice that the redemption will take place. You will have the option to make an additional investment to increase your investment in a Fund to more than \$1,000. If a partial redemption of shares reduces the value of an investment to less than \$1,000, the Fund has the right to automatically redeem the balance.

Your right to redeem shares of the Funds may be suspended with the consent of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, or for any period when normal trading is suspended on any stock exchange, in or outside Canada, where more than 50% of the securities held by the applicable Fund by market value, or underlying market exposure, are listed or traded if those securities are not traded on any other exchange that represent a reasonably practical alternative for the Funds.

Optional Services

The Funds do not currently offer any optional services.

Fees and Expenses

The Funds may hold securities of other mutual funds. There are fees and expenses payable by the other mutual funds in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the Funds. No management fees are payable by the Fund that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by the other mutual fund for the same service. No sales fees or redemption fees are payable by the Funds in relation to its purchases or redemptions of the securities of the other mutual fund if the other mutual fund is managed by the Manager or an affiliate of the Manager. No sales fees or redemptions fees are payable by the Funds in relation to their purchases or redemptions of securities of other mutual funds that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by an investor in the Funds.

This table lists the fees and expenses that you may have to pay if you invest in the Funds. You may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly. The Funds may have to pay some of these fees and expenses, which will therefore reduce the value of your investment in the Funds.

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUNDS

Management Fees

The Funds pay an annual management fee to the Manager to cover the costs of managing the Fund. Management fees are paid to the Manager by the Funds to pay for: costs of managing the investment portfolio; providing investment analysis and recommendations; making investment decisions; the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio; and providing other general administrative, maintenance and recordkeeping services to the Funds. The Manager may also use the management fees to pay trailing commissions and to pay for marketing support. The table below shows the management fees charged in respect of the Series A and Series F Units of the Funds. The fee is calculated as a percentage of the net asset value of each series of shares, and accrued on each valuation day and paid monthly. The management fee is subject to GST. The management fee charged for Series I units is negotiated directly with each investor but will not exceed the management fee payable in respect of the Series F shares of that Fund, and will be paid by the investors holding Series I shares. No management fees are payable by the Fund in respect of the Series I shares.

	Annual management fee	
	Series A	Series F
Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class	2.5%	1.5%
AlphaDelta Global Value Class	2.5%	1.5%
AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class	2.5%	1.5%
AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class	1.3%	0.8%

To encourage large purchases in the Fund, such as purchases made by institutional investors, the Manager may rebate to an investor a portion of the management fee. The management fee may be rebated based on the consideration of several factors including the size of the investment, the expected level of account activity and the assets under administration. All management fee rebates will be reinvested in additional shares of the Fund unless otherwise requested.

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUNDS

Operating Expenses	<p>The Funds pay all expenses needed to operate and carry on its business. These expenses include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • accounting, audit, legal, transfer agent and custodial fees; • taxes and brokerage commissions; • expenses related to the calculation of the net asset value of the Fund; • expenses for the issue, switch and redemption of securities; • costs of securityholder reports and prospectuses; and • compensation payable to and expenses incurred by members of the Funds' IRC, which may include their compensation, travel expenses, insurance premiums and fees associated with their continuing education, and other costs and expenses reasonably associated with the IRC. <p>As noted above, the operating expenses of the Funds may include the compensation payable to and expenses incurred by members of the IRC, and other costs and expenses reasonably associated with the IRC. Each member of the IRC is paid an annual fee of \$7,200 and the chair of the IRC is paid an additional fee of \$2,400, which amounts are allocated among the Funds and other investment funds managed by the Manager or its affiliates.</p>
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FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE DIRECTLY BY YOU

Sales Charges	The initial sales charge on the purchase of Series A shares is up to 5% of the amount invested.
Switch Fees	Nil
Redemption Fees	Nil
Short Term Trading	You may be required to pay the Funds a fee of 2% of your investment amount if you redeem securities of the Funds within 90 days of purchase.
NSF Cheque Fees	\$50

Management fees and other expenses vary from mutual fund to mutual fund. The consent of shareholders generally will be required (a) for any change in the basis of the calculation of a fee or expense charged to the Funds that could result in an increase in charges to the Funds, or (b) if a new fee or expense is introduced that could result in an increase in charges to the Funds. However, in either case, shareholder consent will not be required if the change or new fee or expense is a result of a change made by a third party at arm's length to the Funds. In this case, you will be sent written notice at least 60 days before the effective date of the change.

Impact of Sales Charges

The table below is intended to show the amount of fees that you would have to pay under different purchase options if you made an investment of \$1,000 in a Fund, if you held that investment for one, three, five or ten years and if you redeemed the investment immediately before the end of that period. Shares of the Funds are currently only sold under the sales charge option and are not available under any other purchase option.

Purchase Options	At Time of Purchase	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sales Charge Option ⁽¹⁾	Up to \$50.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Redemption Charge Option ⁽¹⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
No Load Option ⁽¹⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Series A shares of the Funds are currently only sold under the sales charge option and are not available under any other purchase option. Series F and Series I shares of the Funds are not subject to a sales charge.

Dealer Compensation

Sales Commissions

A dealer who sells shares of the Funds to you receives the sales charge negotiated with you at the time of purchase. The sales charge may be up to 5.0% (\$50.00 for each \$1,000 investment). This charge is deducted from the amount you invested or paid by you directly to the dealer.

Trailer Fees

For Series A shares, a dealer will receive an annual trailer fee from us of 1.00% (\$10.00 for each \$1,000 investment) in the case of the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class and AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class, or 0.50% (\$5.00 for each \$1,000 investment) in the case of the AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class, of the average value of net assets held in Series A shares in the relevant Funds by the dealer's clients during each complete calendar quarter. We also pay trailer fees to discount brokers for securities you purchase through your discount brokerage account. Payments are calculated and paid quarterly at the rate of 1/4 of 1.00% (1/4 of 0.50% in the case of the AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class) of the average value of assets held in Series A shares in the relevant Funds by the dealer's clients during each quarter. The Manager and not the Funds will pay these fees.

There are no trailer fees for Series F or Series I shares.

Marketing Support

The Manager may make various payments to registered dealers, relating to educational and marketing activities, in accordance with National Instrument 81-105 - *Mutual Fund Sales Practices*. These include paying up to 50% of the cost of sales communications and investor seminars, up to 100% of the cost of third party educational courses taken by representatives and up to 10% of the cost of conferences put on by dealers. We may also provide representatives with non-monetary items of a promotional nature that have minimal value.

Equity Interests

None of the Corporation, the Manager or the portfolio adviser of the Funds, or any of their affiliated companies hold any ownership interests in any dealer that sells shares.

Dealer Compensation From Management Fees

The cost of sales and service commissions and sales incentives programs was approximately 40% of the total management fees we received from the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class during our last financial year ended December 31, 2014. As the AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class have only recently been established, the Manager did not pay the cost of any sales and service commissions or sales incentives programs from management fees the Manager received from those Funds during the financial year ended December 31, 2014.

Income Tax Considerations for Investors

This summary assumes that you are an individual (other than a trust) resident in Canada and that you hold shares of the Funds as capital property for the purposes of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “**Tax Act**”). This summary is based on the current provisions of the Tax Act and the regulations thereunder, any specific proposals for amendments thereto that have been publicly announced by the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof, and the current published administrative practices and policies of Canada Revenue Agency. This summary is not exhaustive of all tax considerations and is not intended to constitute legal or tax advice to an investor. You should seek independent advice regarding the tax consequences of investing in securities, based upon your own particular circumstances. More detailed tax information is in the Funds’ Annual Information Form.

When You Earn Income

If you hold shares of a Fund, you earn income on your investment:

- when the Corporation pays an ordinary dividend or a capital gains dividend on shares of the Fund; and
- when you redeem your shares of the Fund and realize a capital gain.

Adjusted Cost Base

The adjusted cost base (“**ACB**”) of your shares of a Fund is an important concept for income tax considerations. This term will be used throughout the summary and in most situations, can be calculated according to the following formula:

Calculation of ACB	
The amount of your initial investment	
+ additional investments	
+ reinvested dividends	
+ the ACB of any shares of the other Fund converted into shares of the Fund	
- the ACB of any previous redemptions	
- the return of capital component of distributions on those shares	
- the ACB of any shares of the Fund converted to the other Fund	
= aggregate ACB of your shares	

The adjusted cost base to you of a share of a series of shares of the a Fund will generally be determined by reference to the average adjusted cost base of all shares of the series held by you at the time of the disposition.

Dividends

Dividends from the Funds are taxable in the year they are received. This is the case even though these amounts are reinvested in additional shares. Dividends may include ordinary dividends and capital gains dividends. Ordinary dividends will generally be paid in December, except for the AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class, which intends to pay ordinary dividends monthly, and capital gains dividends will generally be paid in February. Dividends may be paid at other times determined by the Manager.

Capital gains dividends will be treated as realized capital gains.

The Corporation may declare and pay a capital gains dividend to shareholders of any of its classes, regardless of whether the related capital gain resulted from a disposition of securities attributable to the particular class’ portfolio.

Ordinary dividends will be treated as taxable dividends in your hands and will be subject to the gross-up and dividend tax credit rules normally applicable to taxable dividends paid by taxable Canadian corporations. An enhanced gross-up and dividend tax credit is available for certain “eligible dividends” paid by the Corporation.

Returns of capital are not immediately taxable. Instead, a return of capital reduces the adjusted cost base of your shares. If the adjusted cost base of your shares is reduced to less than zero, you will be deemed to realize a capital gain equal to the negative amount and the adjusted cost base of your shares will be increased to nil. Distributions on shares of AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class will include returns of capital.

The share price of a Fund may include income and capital gains that the Fund has earned, accrued or realized but not yet paid out as a dividend. If you invest in a Fund before a dividend is declared, even if that investment is late in the calendar year, you will have to pay tax on such dividend paid to you. However, the amount of the dividend reinvested in additional shares will be added to your ACB. As a consequence of tax-deferred transfers of property to the Corporation by certain limited partnerships, you may receive capital gains dividends that relate to gains on the property that accrued prior to the property

being owned by the Corporation. It is anticipated that a substantial portion of the assets of Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class will consist of property transferred to the Corporation by limited partnerships on a tax-deferred basis. We will provide information slips containing detailed information about the dividends paid to you.

Generally, you are required to include in your income any management fee rebates received from the Manager; however, in some circumstances you may instead elect to reduce the ACB of your shares by the amount of the rebate.

Management fees paid with respect to Series I shares will not be deductible for tax purposes.

Converting and Redeeming Shares

Converting shares of a Fund for shares of another Fund will not result in a disposition of those shares for tax purposes, and the cost of the shares received will be equal to the ACB of the shares that were converted.

If you redeem shares of a Fund, you will realize a capital gain (or loss). The capital gain (or loss) will be equal to the difference between the amount you receive for the sale, net of any costs (such as a deferred sales charge), and the ACB of the shares.

Generally, one-half of a capital gain must be included in determining your income.

We will provide you with details on the proceeds from the sale after the transaction. However, in order to calculate your gain or loss, you need to know the ACB of your shares before disposition.

Registered Plans

If you hold shares of the Funds in an RRSP, RRIF or other registered plan, you will generally pay no tax on income earned from, or capital gains realized on the disposition of, those securities as long as they remain in the registered plan. However, withdrawals from such registered plans (other than TFSAs, and certain withdrawals from RESPs and RDSPs) will generally be subject to tax. You should consult with your own tax advisor as to whether shares of the Funds would be a “prohibited investment” under the Tax Act if held in your RRSP, RRIF or TFSA.

Funds with a High Portfolio Turnover Rate

The higher the Funds’ portfolio turnover rate, the greater the likelihood the Funds will incur capital gains or losses. In the event a Fund realizes capital gains, the gains will, in most cases, be distributed to you by way of capital gains dividends and must be included in computing your income for tax purposes for that year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a Fund.

Pursuant to the Intergovernmental Agreement for the Enhanced Exchange of Tax Information under the Canada-United States Tax Convention entered into between Canada and the U.S. on February 5, 2014 (the “**IGA**”), and related Canadian legislation, the Corporation and the Manager are required to report certain information with respect to shareholders who are U.S. residents and U.S. citizens (including U.S. citizens who are residents or citizens of Canada), and certain other “U.S. Persons” as defined under the IGA (excluding registered plans such as RRSPs), to the Canada Revenue Agency (“**CRA**”). It is expected that the CRA will then exchange the information with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

Specific Information About Each of the Mutual Funds Described in this Document

Introduction

This section provides additional information that will help you to better understand the description of each of the Funds that appears on the following pages.

Selection of Sub-Advisors

While the Manager is responsible for providing portfolio management services to the Funds, the Manager is authorized to delegate its investment advisory duties to sub-advisors. The Manager has entered into an agreement with AlphaDelta Management Corp. (“ADM”), pursuant to which ADM will assist the Manager in identifying, screening and selecting sub-advisors with the expertise and track records to manage mutual funds, including the Funds, managed by the Manager in targeted market segments. ADM will also assist the Manager by monitoring the sub-advisors’ compliance with the relevant investment mandates to avoid style drift. Each sub-advisor that the Manager, with the advice of ADM, retains will have discretionary authority to purchase and sell securities for all or a portion of the portfolio of the Fund in respect of which it provides advisory services, subject to that Fund’s investment objectives, restrictions and policies and any other limitations the Manager may impose.

Currently, the Manager has retained sub-advisors for each of the AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class. The names of the sub-advisors for each of these Funds as of the date of this Simplified Prospectus are set out under the section called “Fund details” in the section for each Fund below.

What are the risks of investing in the funds?

Understanding risk and your comfort with risk is an important part of investing. In each of the Fund profiles, the section “What are the risks of investing in the fund?” highlights the specific risks of each Fund. The risks are listed in the order of relevance for each Fund. You will find general information about the risks of investing and descriptions of each specific risk in the section “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?” on page 2.

Who should invest in the funds?

In each of the Fund profiles, the section “Who should invest in this fund?” explains the type of investor for whom the Fund may be suitable. As an investor, the most important part of your financial plan is understanding:

- your objectives – what are you expecting from your investments – income, growth or a balance of the two;
- your investment time horizon – how long are you planning to invest; and
- your risk tolerance – how much volatility in your investment are you willing to accept.

When looking at the risks for each Fund, you should also consider how the Fund will work with your other investment holdings. For instance, if you are considering an aggressive growth Fund, it may be too risky if it is your only investment. If you plan on holding it as a portion of your overall portfolio, it may

be a good way to increase your potential portfolio returns while limiting the overall risk of the portfolio – benefiting from diversification.

We assign fund risk ratings to each Fund as an additional guide to help you decide whether a Fund is right for you.

In accordance with the requirements of the Canadian Securities Administrators, each Fund is assigned a risk rating in one of the following categories:

- low – for funds with a level of risk typically associated with investments in money market funds and fixed income funds;
- low to medium – for funds with a level of risk typically associated with investments in balanced, asset allocation, dividend, and specialty fixed income funds;
- medium – for funds with a level of risk typically associated with investments in large-cap equity funds investing in developed markets;
- medium to high – for funds with a level of risk typically associated with investments in equity funds investing in small/mid-cap issuers; or
- high – for funds with a level of risk typically associated with investments in emerging markets or narrower sectors.

The methodology used to determine risk ratings of the Funds is based upon the Investment Funds Institute of Canada’s *Recommendations for Fund Managers Regarding Fund Volatility: Risk Classification* (the “**IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines**”). In the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines, the Task Force of the Investment Funds Institute of Canada (the “**IFIC Task Force**”) concluded that the most comprehensive, easily understood form of risk in this context is historical volatility risk as measured by the standard deviation of fund performance. However, the IFIC Task Force recognizes that other types of risk, both measureable and non-measureable, may exist and notes that a fund’s historical volatility may not be indicative of its future volatility.

In certain circumstances, this methodology may produce a result that we believe may not be indicative of a fund’s future volatility. Accordingly, while we will generally assign a risk rating to each Fund based on the methodology recommended in the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines and based on the historical standard of deviation of the Fund’s performance, we may take into account other qualitative factors, including but not limited to, style and sector concentration, economic climate, portfolio management styles, types of investments made by a fund and the liquidity of those investments, all which may contribute to the Fund’s overall volatility and therefore the risk rating of the Fund. Under these circumstances, we may modify a Fund’s risk rating or assign a risk rating based on such other considerations.

We review the risk rating for each Fund on an annual basis.

Details of the methodology that the Manager uses to identify the risk level of the Funds is available on request, at no cost, by contacting Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. by telephone, toll-free, at 1-866-602-1142, by e-mail at info@qwestfunds.com or by writing to Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd., P.O. Box 11549 Suite 310, 650 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6B 4N7.

Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class

Fund Details

Type of fund	Canadian Resource Equity
Date fund started	Series A: April 5, 2006 Series F: June 8, 2011
Securities offered	Series A and Series F shares of a mutual fund corporation
Registered plan status	Qualified investment for TFSAs, RRSPs, RRIFs, RESPs, RDSPs and DPSPs.

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The fundamental investment objective of the Fund is to provide long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in equity securities of Canadian companies involved in the energy and natural resources sector.

Any change in the fundamental investment objective of the Fund must be approved by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Fund's shareholders called for that purpose. However, the investment strategies described below may be changed by the Manager in its discretion.

Investment Strategies

The Fund will invest primarily in the energy and resource sector, which involves companies engaged in industries such as oil and gas, mining and minerals, forestry, alternative energy and other resources. In addition, the Fund may also invest in securities of companies which are dependent on, or provide services to, the energy and resource industries, such as various oilfield services, pipelines, midstream services, utilities and equipment manufacturers. The Fund may take positions in other securities, such as convertible securities, debt securities, exchange traded funds comprised of debt securities and derivative instruments based on such securities, and invest in foreign resource companies listed on major stock exchanges.

The Fund will use derivatives for hedging purposes only.

The Fund may hold a portion of its assets in cash or short-term money market securities while seeking investment opportunities or for defensive purposes to reflect adverse market, economic, political or other conditions.

It is expected that the Fund will acquire a substantial portion of the assets of the Fund from certain limited partnerships organized by companies that are related to the Manager or former limited partners of such limited partnerships. These assets will be transferred to the Fund on a tax-deferred basis in exchange for shares of the Fund. For further information, see "Income Tax Considerations for Investors".

Pursuant to relief granted by securities regulators, the Fund may invest in certain specific commodity pools structured as exchange-traded funds that use financial instruments that correlate to a multiple (or

Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class

inverse multiple) of the daily performance of a “permitted index” (as defined in National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*) except for a permitted index that is based directly or indirectly on a physical commodity other than gold. This relief is limited such that the Fund may not purchase securities of specified commodity pools if, immediately after the purchase, more than 10% of the net assets of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of purchase, would consist of those specified commodity pools. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Exchange traded fund risk” above for a description of the risks associated with investments in such commodity pools.

From time to time, a portion of the Fund’s assets may be invested in private companies and other illiquid assets acquired from limited partnerships organized by companies that are related to the Manager or former limited partners of such limited partnerships. An illiquid asset is an asset which is difficult to sell, either because the asset cannot be sold through public markets or the resale of the asset is prohibited as a result of representations, undertakings or certain agreements made by the Fund or the asset’s previous owner. The Fund will only purchase illiquid assets where an investment in the illiquid assets is consistent with the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund and where the investment may be made in compliance with applicable securities laws. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Illiquid asset risk” above for information regarding the risks associated with investments in illiquid assets.

The portfolio adviser:

- uses an in-depth, analytical approach to selecting investments that focuses on commodity, industry and company-specific attributes;
- seeks investments in companies with a combination of sound financial fundamentals, excellent growth prospects and a strong management team; and
- has a medium-term “buy and hold” philosophy but also pays attention to short-term price movements and momentum in the marketplace to take advantage of buying and selling opportunities.

The Fund’s investment strategies may involve active and frequent trading. This may increase the trading costs payable by the Fund and lower the Fund’s returns. In addition, this will increase the chance that you will receive a dividend from the Fund. For further information, see “Income Tax Considerations for Investors”.

The Fund does not intend to invest any of its assets in foreign securities.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

The specific risks relating to an investment in this Fund are:

- Capital gains risk
- Energy and resource sector risk
- Illiquid asset risk
- Exchange transaction conflict of interest risk
- Concentration risk
- Exchange traded fund risk
- Market risk

Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class

- Currency risk
- Derivatives risk
- Foreign investment risk
- Class risk
- Interest rate risk
- Large transaction risk

See “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds?” for a description of these risks.

During the 12 month period ended December 15, 2014, up to 10.34%, 10.62%, 12.43% and 14.24% of the net asset value of the Fund was invested in Long Run Exploration Ltd., Crew Energy Inc., Straol Energy Services Ltd., and Whitecap Resources Inc. respectively.

See “Specific Information About Each of the Mutual Funds Described in this Document – Who should invest in the funds?” for a description of how the Manager determines the risk classification of the Fund.

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

Investors who are:

- seeking long-term capital growth from investments in the Canadian energy and resource sector;
- not concerned with short-term price fluctuations; and
- willing to accept high risk.

The Manager determined the appropriate level of investor risk tolerance that would be appropriate for investment in this Fund by following the guidelines provided in the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines for the fund type of the Fund.

Distribution Policy

The Fund may pay annually to shareholders ordinary dividends and capital gains dividends. Ordinary dividends will generally be paid in December and capital gains dividends will generally be paid in February. Dividends may be paid at other times determined by the Manager. We will automatically invest dividends in additional shares of the Fund. No sales charge will be payable with respect to the purchase of shares made under this automatic reinvestment program.

Upon the distribution and automatic reinvestment of capital gains dividends, the Fund may complete a share consolidation such that the number of shares outstanding after the consolidation remains unchanged from the number of shares outstanding immediately prior to the dividend distribution. The result of such a consolidation is that the net asset value per share will not be affected by the dividends.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

The Fund pays for its expenses directly out of its assets. As a result, shareholders indirectly pay for the expenses of the Fund. The table below is designed to help you compare the cumulative cost of investing \$1,000 in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The table assumes a total annual

Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class

return of the Fund of 5% in each year, and assumes that the Fund's management expense ratio remains at 4.52% for Series A shares and 3.41% for Series F shares, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions, your costs would be as shown in the table below. Your actual costs, of course, may be higher or lower.

Funds and expenses payable over	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Series A shares	\$47.46	\$142.74	\$238.51	\$480.06
Series F shares	\$35.81	\$108.95	\$184.18	\$381.81

These results are included with the intention of helping you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds, allowing you to see the amount of fees and expenses paid by the Fund that are indirectly borne by you, and describing the assumptions used for those calculations.

You will find more information about fees and expenses under the heading "Fees and Expenses" starting on page 13.

AlphaDelta Global Value Class

Fund Details

Type of fund	Global Equity
Date fund started	Series A: January 1, 2015 Series F: January 1, 2015 Series I: January 1, 2015
Securities offered	Series A, Series F and Series I shares of a mutual fund corporation
Registered plan status	Qualified investment for TFSAs, RRSPs, RRIFs, RESPs, RDSPs and DPSPs.
Sub-Advisor	Neosho Capital LLC La Jolla, California USA

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The fundamental investment objective of the Fund is to provide long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in equity securities of companies around the world.

Any change in the fundamental investment objective of the Fund must be approved by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Fund's shareholders called for that purpose. However, the investment strategies described below may be changed by the Manager in its discretion.

Investment Strategies

The Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of equity securities issued by non-Canadian companies that the Fund's portfolio advisor believes are trading at discounts to their intrinsic values. In selecting investments, the Fund's portfolio advisor employs a two-stage analysis:

- Step one is quantitative screening based on numerous measures of price per unit of earnings, assets, and cash flows, market capitalization, balance sheet sustainability, revenue growth, margins, returns on assets, capital, and equity. The portfolio advisor uses these criteria to narrow the broad universe of roughly 10,000 investable stocks to approximately 200 which are then extensively analyzed on a qualitative basis.
- Step two consists of qualitative analysis focusing on, among other things, the competitive nature of the enterprise's industry, trends in market share, revenue growth, earnings growth, regulatory environment, quality of accounting principles employed, management's ownership in the enterprise, the health of the economies in which the enterprise operates, and whether the portfolio advisor grasps the business model and strategy of the enterprise.

The goal of these consecutive processes is to find portfolio holdings which not only meet the value criteria of trading at a discount to their intrinsic value, but which also have the potential for significant price appreciation over a 3 to 6 year period. Under normal market conditions the Fund's portfolio is

AlphaDelta Global Value Class

expected to be comprised of holdings in between 20 to 40 international companies in a variety of industries, and annual turnover is expected to generally be 25% of the total portfolio or less.

The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes only.

The Fund may hold a portion of its assets in cash or short-term money market securities while seeking investment opportunities or for defensive purposes to reflect adverse market, economic, political or other conditions.

Pursuant to relief granted by securities regulators, the Fund may invest in certain specific commodity pools structured as exchange-traded funds that use financial instruments that correlate to a multiple (or inverse multiple) of the daily performance of a “permitted index” (as defined in National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*) except for a permitted index that is based directly or indirectly on a physical commodity other than gold. This relief is limited such that the Fund may not purchase securities of specified commodity pools if, immediately after the purchase, more than 10% of the net assets of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of purchase, would consist of those specified commodity pools. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Exchange traded fund risk” above for a description of the risks associated with investments in such commodity pools.

From time to time, a portion of the Funds’ assets may be invested in private companies and other illiquid assets acquired from limited partnerships organized by companies that are related to the Manager or former limited partners of such limited partnerships. An illiquid asset is an asset which is difficult to sell, either because the asset cannot be sold through public markets or the resale of the asset is prohibited as a result of representations, undertakings or certain agreements made by the Fund or the asset’s previous owner. The Fund will only purchase illiquid assets where an investment in the illiquid assets is consistent with the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund and where the investment may be made in compliance with applicable securities laws. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Illiquid asset risk” above for information regarding the risks associated with investments in illiquid assets.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

The specific risks relating to an investment in this Fund are:

- Foreign investment risk
- Concentration risk
- Currency risk
- Emerging markets risk
- Depository receipts risk
- Capital gains risk
- Illiquid asset risk
- Exchange traded fund risk
- Market risk
- Derivatives risk
- Class risk

AlphaDelta Global Value Class

- Interest rate risk
- Large transaction risk

See “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds?” for a description of these risks.

See “Specific Information About Each of the Mutual Funds Described in this Document – Who should invest in the funds?” for a description of how the Manager determines the risk classification of the Fund.

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

Investors who are:

- seeking long-term capital growth from investments in foreign companies;
- not concerned with short-term price fluctuations; and
- willing to accept medium risk.

The Manager determined the appropriate level of investor risk tolerance that would be appropriate for investment in this Fund by following the guidelines provided in the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines for the fund type of the Fund.

Distribution Policy

The Fund may pay annually to shareholders ordinary dividends and capital gains dividends. Ordinary dividends will generally be paid in December and capital gains dividends will generally be paid in February. Dividends may be paid at other times determined by the Manager. We will automatically invest dividends in additional shares of the Fund. No sales charge will be payable with respect to the purchase of shares made under this automatic reinvestment program.

Upon the distribution and automatic reinvestment of capital gains dividends, the Fund may complete a share consolidation such that the number of shares outstanding after the consolidation remains unchanged from the number of shares outstanding immediately prior to the dividend distribution. The result of such a consolidation is that the net asset value per share will not be affected by the dividends.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

We cannot provide information regarding fund expenses indirectly borne by investors because the Fund has not yet completed a financial year.

You will find more information about fees and expenses under the heading “Fees and Expenses” starting on page 13.

AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class

Fund Details

Type of fund	Canadian Small/Mid Cap Equity
Date fund started	Series A: January 1, 2015 Series F: January 1, 2015 Series I: January 1, 2015
Securities offered	Series A, Series F and Series I shares of a mutual fund corporation
Registered plan status	Qualified investment for TFSAs, RRSPs, RRIFs, RESPs, RDSPs and DPSPs.
Sub-Advisor	Laurus Investment Counsel Inc. Oakville, Ontario

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The fundamental investment objective of the Fund is to provide long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in equity securities of Canadian companies with market capitalizations of up to \$3 billion as of the date of investment.

Any change in the fundamental investment objective of the Fund must be approved by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Fund's shareholders called for that purpose. However, the investment strategies described below may be changed by the Manager in its discretion.

Investment Strategies

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities of Canadian companies in a variety of industries with a market capitalization of up to \$3 billion as of the date of investment, and the securities of which trade on a Canadian stock exchange. Up to 10% of the Fund's net asset value may be invested in securities of companies with market capitalizations of up to \$3 billion that are domiciled in the United States and/or trade on a United States stock exchange. The Fund's portfolio advisor will review potential investments to identify securities that it believes represent long-term value, and the Fund will invest in companies that the portfolio advisor believes meet the following key investment criteria:

- a track record of creating wealth for shareholders;
- led by honest and capable management teams, whose interests are aligned with their shareholders; and
- have improving business fundamentals.

The Fund's portfolio advisor applies a highly disciplined value-investing approach, emphasizing capital preservation and a focus on absolute return and risk. This process supports the goal of identifying companies which have the potential to be leaders in their field. The Fund's portfolio advisor follows a bottom-up, fundamental process in which each company is thoroughly examined with a view to

AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class

determining whether, in the portfolio advisor's opinion, the company provides the potential of long term value to investors at time of purchase. Each investment is evaluated over a long-term holding period, with the expectation that it should be worth significantly greater value five or ten years out.

The Fund will be limited to investing in up to 50 single issuers, and investment in any one industry will be limited to 25% of the Fund's portfolio as of the date of investment. The maximum exposure to any one security will be limited to 7% of the total size of the Fund's portfolio as of the date of investment. Investments in securities of issuers with market capitalizations of less than \$250 million will be limited to a maximum of 20% of the Fund's portfolio. In the event the Fund exceeds these investment limitations as a result of changes in relative market values of securities held in its portfolio, the Fund will not be required to dispose of securities to come into compliance with these limitations. However, the Fund will not purchase additional securities of the relevant issuer until the investment would again be in compliance with the limitations outlined above.

The Fund will not use derivatives.

The Fund may hold a portion of its assets in cash or short-term money market securities while seeking investment opportunities or for defensive purposes to reflect adverse market, economic, political or other conditions.

From time to time, up to 10% of the Funds' assets may be invested in private companies and other illiquid assets. An illiquid asset is an asset which is difficult to sell, either because the asset cannot be sold through public markets or the resale of the asset is prohibited as a result of representations, undertakings or certain agreements made by the Fund or the asset's previous owner. The Fund will only purchase illiquid assets where an investment in the illiquid assets is consistent with the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund and where the investment may be made in compliance with applicable securities laws. Please see "What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Illiquid asset risk" above for information regarding the risks associated with investments in illiquid assets.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

The specific risks of investing in the Fund are:

- Capital gains risk
- Small capitalization risk
- Illiquid asset risk
- Concentration risk
- Market risk
- Currency risk
- Exchange traded fund risk
- Derivatives risk
- Foreign investment risk
- Class risk
- Interest rate risk

AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class

- Large transaction risk

See “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds?” for a description of these risks.

See “Specific Information About Each of the Mutual Funds Described in this Document – Who should invest in the funds?” for a description of how the Manager determines the risk classification of the Fund.

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

Investors who are:

- Seeking long-term capital growth;
- not concerned with short term price fluctuations;
- planning to hold their investments for the long term; and
- willing to accept medium to high risk.

The Manager determined the appropriate level of investor risk tolerance that would be appropriate for investment in this Fund by following the guidelines provided in the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines for the fund type of the Fund.

Distribution Policy

The Fund may pay annually to shareholders ordinary dividends and capital gains dividends. Ordinary dividends will generally be paid in December and capital gains dividends will generally be paid in February. Dividends may be paid at other times determined by the Manager. We will automatically invest dividends in additional shares of the Fund. No sales charge will be payable with respect to the purchase of shares made under this automatic reinvestment program.

Upon the distribution and automatic reinvestment of capital gains dividends, the Fund may complete a share consolidation such that the number of shares outstanding after the consolidation remains unchanged from the number of shares outstanding immediately prior to the dividend distribution. The result of such a consolidation is that the net asset value per share will not be affected by the dividends.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

We cannot provide information regarding fund expenses indirectly borne by investors because the Fund has not yet completed a financial year.

You will find more information about fees and expenses under the heading “Fees and Expenses” starting on page 13.

AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class

Fund Details

Type of fund	Global Dividend
Date fund started	Series A: January 1, 2015 Series F: January 1, 2015 Series I: January 1, 2015
Securities offered	Series A, Series F and Series I shares of a mutual fund corporation
Registered plan status	Qualified investment for TFSAs, RRSPs, RRIFs, RESPs, RDSPs and DPSPs.
Sub-Advisor	SciVest Capital Management Inc. Toronto, Ontario

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The fundamental investment objective of the Fund is to provide income and longer-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in dividend paying equity securities of companies around the world.

Any change in the fundamental investment objective of the Fund must be approved by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Fund's shareholders called for that purpose. However, the investment strategies described below may be changed by the Manager in its discretion.

Investment Strategies

The Fund will invest primarily in larger capitalization, global, dividend paying, equity securities (including securities of unit trusts, real estate investment trusts and depository receipts) and their derivatives, with the intent of providing its shareholders with (in order of priority):

- a consistent distribution yield;
- growth in the absolute level of distributions per share through time; and
- long-term appreciation of capital.

The Fund's portfolio advisor believes that focusing on dividend paying companies that are expected to grow their dividends through time results in long-term capital appreciation of the portfolio. That is, long-term capital appreciation of the portfolio is a consequence of focusing on attractive growth of dividend investments. The portfolio advisor will also attempt to further enhance capital appreciation by tilting the portfolio towards dividend growth stocks of cheaper, higher quality, faster growing companies and continuously monitoring such holdings for adverse changes in investment fundamentals.

When making investment decisions on behalf of the Fund, the portfolio advisor will consider:

- dividend payment history;
- dividend payment expectations (sustainability and growth);

AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class

- applicable dividend withholding taxes;
- earnings, cash-flows and dividend pay-out ratios (both historical and forward looking) as they relate to a company's ability to continue to pay and grow its dividends;
- stock valuation and historical stock price trends in relation to dividend payments to determine best entry points;
- the issuer's long-term "story" and business model;
- company relative attractiveness to the Fund's other holdings and potential holdings; and
- overall portfolio diversification and risk implications of adding any specific company and its stock.

Securities held within the Fund will generally be trimmed or liquidated if and when: dividend sustainability and/or growth is deemed to be in doubt; a dividend decrease actually occurs; stock price is deemed to have risen too much relative to dividend payout, company valuation and/or company prospects; a position weight exceeds 4% of the net asset value of the Fund or the position weight becomes larger than desired given the risk of the position; and/or there exists a significantly better investment opportunity for the Fund.

The Fund's investments will be diversified by individual holdings, industries, sectors and countries. The portfolio advisor expects to hold securities of between 50 and 100 issuers (including unit trusts, real estate investment trusts and depository receipts) around the world in the Fund's portfolio, with no holding generally exceeding 4% of the net asset value of the Fund. Across the entire Fund, the portfolio advisor expects the issuers held in the Fund's portfolio to possess higher than average market capitalization, current dividend yield and dividend growth, with cheaper than average valuations metrics and lower than average volatility.

The portfolio advisor expects to use derivatives within the Fund for both hedging and income generation purposes. With respect to hedging, the portfolio advisor intends to use over-the-counter forward or swap contracts and/or listed futures contracts to hedge some or all of the foreign currency exposures inherent in the Fund's foreign holdings. The portfolio advisor may also use listed equity options on exchange traded funds to hedge the Fund's equity market exposure in adverse market conditions. Finally, the Fund will generate income by writing (i.e., selling) equity call and put options. Specifically, the Fund will write "covered" call options (i.e. selling call options on equities owned by the Fund) and will write "cash-covered" put options (i.e., selling put options on equities that the portfolio advisor may wish to purchase for the Fund using cash that has been set aside for such purpose). In all cases, the derivative strategies implemented by the Fund will be consistent with National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*.

The Fund may hold a portion of its assets in cash or short-term money market securities while seeking investment opportunities, for cash coverage against written put options, and/or for defensive purposes to reflect adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. Nevertheless, the portfolio advisor will generally attempt to remain close to fully invested in dividend paying securities regardless of market conditions to continue to generate distribution income for Fund investors, opting instead to hedge market risk in adverse market conditions with equity index options or other derivatives.

Pursuant to relief granted by securities regulators, the Fund may invest in certain specific commodity pools structured as exchange-traded funds that use financial instruments that correlate to a multiple (or inverse multiple) of the daily performance of a "permitted index" (as defined in National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*) except for a permitted index that is based directly or indirectly on a physical commodity other than gold. This relief is limited such that the Fund may not purchase securities of specified commodity pools if, immediately after the purchase, more than 10% of the net assets of the

AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class

Fund, taken at market value at the time of purchase, would consist of those specified commodity pools. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Exchange traded fund risk” above for a description of the risks associated with investments in such commodity pools.

From time to time, up to 10% of the Funds’ assets may be invested in private companies and other illiquid assets. An illiquid asset is an asset which is difficult to sell, either because the asset cannot be sold through public markets or the resale of the asset is prohibited as a result of representations, undertakings or certain agreements made by the Fund or the asset’s previous owner. The Fund will only purchase illiquid assets where an investment in the illiquid assets is consistent with the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund and where the investment may be made in compliance with applicable securities laws. Please see “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds? – Illiquid asset risk” above for information regarding the risks associated with investments in illiquid assets.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

The specific risks of investing in the Fund are:

- Market risk
- Currency risk
- Foreign investment risk
- Emerging markets risk
- Depository receipts risk
- Capital gains risk
- Illiquid asset risk
- Concentration risk
- Exchange traded fund risk
- Derivatives risk
- Class risk
- Interest rate risk
- Large transaction risk

See “What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund? – What are the Risks of Investing in the Funds?” for a description of these risks.

See “Specific Information About Each of the Mutual Funds Described in this Document – Who should invest in the funds?” for a description of how the Manager determines the risk classification of the Fund.

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

Investors who are:

- Seeking dividend income and long-term capital growth;
- not concerned with short term price fluctuations;

AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class

- planning to hold their investments for the long term; and
- willing to accept a medium level of risk.

The Manager determined the appropriate level of investor risk tolerance that would be appropriate for investment in this Fund by following the guidelines provided in the IFIC Risk Classification Guidelines for the fund type of the Fund.

Distribution Policy

The Fund intends to make monthly distributions from Canadian and foreign dividend payments and certain derivative income received by the Fund in that month. We expect that a significant amount of these distributions will be comprised of returns of capital, with the remainder consisting of ordinary dividends. In addition, the Fund may pay annually to shareholders capital gains dividends. Monthly distributions will generally be paid on the last day of each month and capital gains dividends will generally be paid in February. Dividends and distributions may be paid at other times determined by the Manager. Shareholders may elect to receive distributions from the Fund in cash, or to have them automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Fund. No sales charge will be payable with respect to the purchase of shares made under this automatic reinvestment program.

Upon the distribution and automatic reinvestment of capital gains dividends, the Fund may complete a share consolidation such that the number of shares outstanding after the consolidation remains unchanged from the number of shares outstanding immediately prior to the dividend distribution. The result of such a consolidation is that the net asset value per share will not be affected by the dividends.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

We cannot provide information regarding fund expenses indirectly borne by investors because the Fund has not yet completed a financial year.

You will find more information about fees and expenses under the heading “Fees and Expenses” starting on page 13.

What Are Your Legal Rights?

Securities legislation in some provinces and territories gives you the right to withdraw from an agreement to buy mutual funds within two business days of receiving the Simplified Prospectus or Fund Facts, or to cancel your purchase within 48 hours of receiving confirmation of your order.

Securities legislation in some provinces and territories also allows you to cancel an agreement to buy mutual fund securities and get your money back, or to make a claim for damages, if the Simplified Prospectus, Annual Information Form, Fund Facts or financial statements misrepresent any facts about the Fund. These rights must usually be exercised within certain time limits.

For more information, refer to the securities legislation of your province or territory or consult a lawyer.

**QWEST ENERGY CANADIAN RESOURCE CLASS
ALPHADELTA GLOBAL VALUE CLASS
ALPHADELTA CANADIAN PROSPERITY CLASS
ALPHADELTA GROWTH OF DIVIDEND INCOME CLASS**

Additional information about the Funds is available in the Funds' Annual Information Form, most recently filed Fund Facts, financial statements and management reports of fund performance. These documents are incorporated by reference into this Simplified Prospectus, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as a part of it.

You can get a copy of the Funds' Annual Information Form, Fund Facts, financial statements or management reports of fund performance, at no cost, by contacting Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. by telephone, toll-free, at 1-866-602-1142, by e-mail at info@qwestfunds.com, or from your dealer.

These documents and other information about the Funds, such as material contracts and information circulars, are also available on the Manager's website at www.qwestfunds.com or on SEDAR (the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval) at www.sedar.com.

Manager of the Qwest Energy Canadian Resource Class, AlphaDelta Global Value Class, AlphaDelta Canadian Prosperity Class and AlphaDelta Growth of Dividend Income Class

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